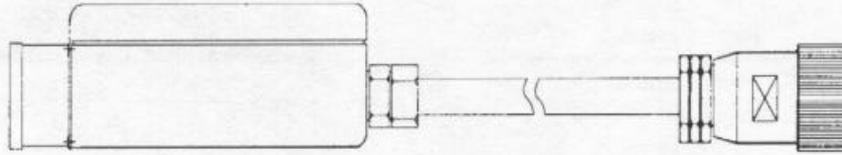


# INTERPOLATION ELECTRONIC UNIT

**SIM 110**



## GENERAL DESCRIPTION:

Purpose of the SIM 110 is to digitize and subdivide sinusoidal output signals from the linear or rotary measuring transducer.

Electronic circuit of SIM 110 subdivided sinusoidal incremental signals generated by linear or rotary transducer with the aid of resistor network. Subdivisional factor can be 1, 2, 5 or 10.

SIM 110 in case of any mistake in transducer (damaged cable, lamp error, scale contamination ...) generated E impulse and setup outputs in high impedance state.

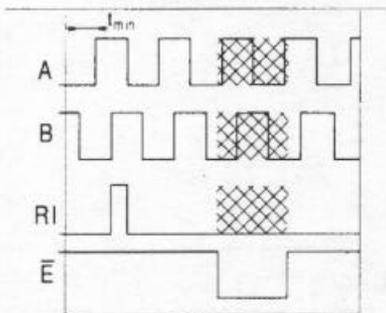
## MECHANICAL DATA:

Operating temperature	0°C to 50°C
Storage temperature	-10°C to 50°C
Weight	cca 0.4 kg
Degree of mechanical protection	IP 53
Cable length	max. 20 m

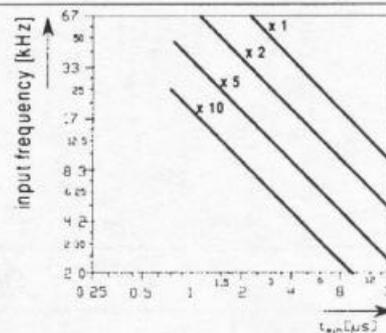
## ELECTRICAL DATA:

Supply voltage	5 V ± 5%
Supply current (without transducer)	70 mA ± 10%

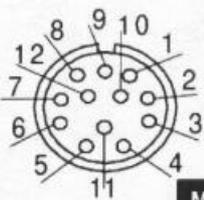
Output signals:



$t_{min} = f$  (input frequency):



Output connector:



pin	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
signal	$\overline{B}$	5 V	RI	$\overline{RI}$	A	$\overline{A}$	$\overline{E}$	B	shield	0 V	0 V	5 V
color	pink	blue	red	black	brown	green	violet	grey		white	white	blue

### Measuring signals:

Diferential digital in accordance with RS 422 A EIA standard  $A, \overline{A}, B, \overline{B}, RI, \overline{RI}, \overline{E}$

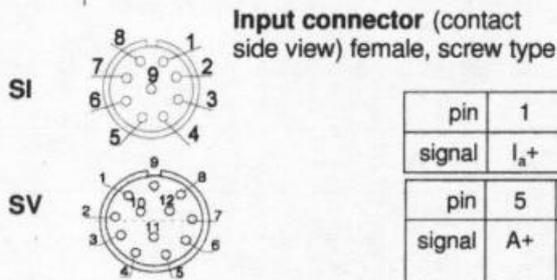
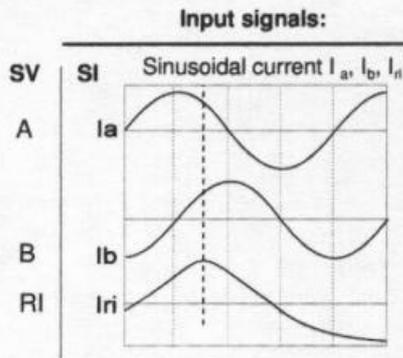
### Signal's level:

at  $I_{sink} = 20 \text{ mA}$   $U_{OL} \leq 0.5 \text{ V}$   
 at  $I_{source} = -20 \text{ mA}$   $U_{OH} \leq 2.5 \text{ V}$

### Error signal:

1 Digital impuls with same fan out like measuring signals. When is E signal aktiv (LOW), measuring signals becomes high impedance state.

## ELECTRICAL DATA:

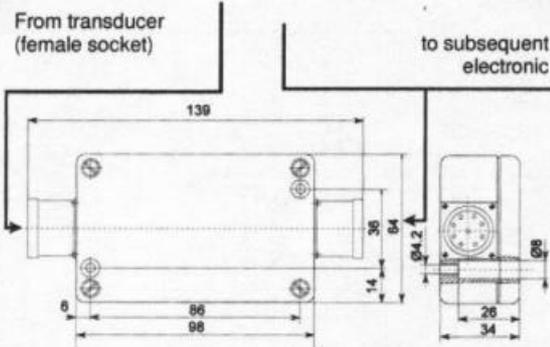


Amplitude:							
SI				SV			
$8 \mu A \leq a \leq 16 \mu A$				$0,6 V \leq U_a \leq 1,2 V$			
$8 \mu A \leq b \leq 16 \mu A$				$0,6 V \leq U_b \leq 1,2 V$			
$2 \mu A \leq r_i \leq 8 \mu A$				$0,2 V \leq U_{ri} \leq 0,85 V$			
Input frequencies							
interpolations:				interpolations:			
1	2	5	10	1	2	5	10
250 kHz	125 kHz	50 kHz	25 kHz	250 kHz	125 kHz	50 kHz	25 kHz

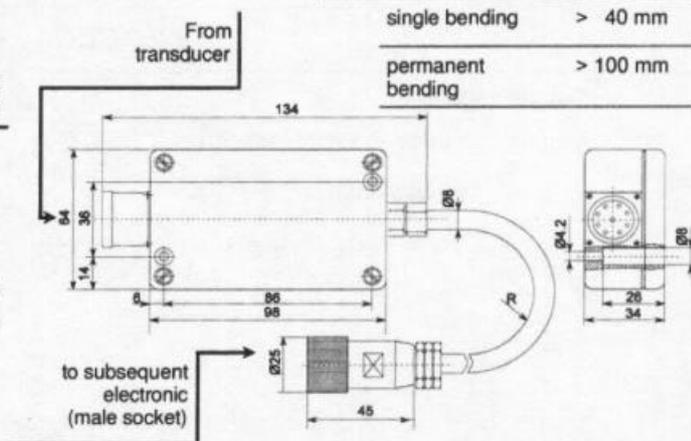
pin	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
signal	$I_{a+}$	$I_{a-}$	+5 V	0 V	$I_{b+}$	$I_{b-}$	$I_{ri+}$	$I_{ri-}$	0V	
pin	5	6	8	1	3	4	12	10	2	11
signal	A+	A-	B+	B-	RI+	RI-	5V	0V	5V sense	0V sense

## DIMENSIONS:

### Option - SIM 110-A:



### Option - SIM 110 B



## ORDERING DATA:

SIM 110 - X - - XX - - XX

**Place of output connector:**  
A ... on housing  
B ... on cable

**Interpolation factor:**  
1 ... without  
2 ... x 2  
5 ... x 5  
0 ... x10

**Type of input signals**  
SI - SI signals  
SV - SV signals

